

# **Multimode Fiber Cables MMC**

for UV/VIS or VIS/NIR



### **FEATURES**

Multimode fiber cable with customer-specified fiber connectors.

- Wavelength ranges UV/VIS or VIS/NIR
- Core diameters 50 μm 300 μm
- Fiber patch cable available with buffer or as Ø 3 mm cable with Kevlar strain-relief
- Customer-specified connectors type FC, DIN or AVIO, E2000, ST (only 0°-polish), or F-SMA (only 0°-polish) with 0°-polish or 8°-polish
- Amagnetic titanium connectors for connectors of type FC PC or FC APC

Multi-mode fiber



## **DESCRIPTION**

Multimode fiber cable with customer-specified fiber connectors.

#### **Fiber**

The multimode fibers are either graded (gradient index, GRIN) index or step index fibers with an  $\underline{NA}$  specified by the fiber manufacturer. Schäfter+Kirchhoff offer pure silica core fibers with core diameter is 50  $\mu m$  - 600  $\mu m$ . There are fibers suitable for either the wavelength range UV/VIS or for the wavelength range VIS/NIR.

#### **Fiber Cable**

All fiber lengths can be customer specified. The multimode <u>fiber cables</u> are offered with buffer in black, or a  $\emptyset$  3 mm cable in black with Kevlar strain-relief.

#### **Fiber Connectors**

For each fiber end the fiber connectors can be selected from a wide range of connector types (FC, DIN or AVIO, E2000, ST (only 0°-polish), or SMA-905 (F-SMA) (only 0°-polish) with 0°-polish or 8°-polish. All fiber connectors of type FC assembled by Schäfter+Kirchhoff have an alignment index (key). The wide key (type "N") fiber connector has an alignment index (key) of 2.14 mm width. The narrow key (type "R") fiber connector has an alignment index (key) of 2 mm width. Special fiber connectors are available so that the fiber cable is vaccum compatible down to  $10^{-7}$  mbar (only  $\emptyset$  900  $\mu$ m buffer fiber cables).

#### **Amagnetic fiber connectors**

For FC PC or FC APC type connectors <u>amagnetic versions</u> completely made of titanium can be selected. Those connectors have a ceramic ferrule. The relative permeability  $\mu_r$  of the connector is near 1 ( $\chi = 5 \cdot 10^{-5}$ ,  $\mu_r = 1.00005$ ), making it transparent to magnetic fields.

## **ORDER OPTIONS**

	Туре	Core Diameter	Wavelength Range	Numerical Aperture	Suitable for Vacuum Feed-throughs
MMC-S-UV/VIS-50- NA022	Step index	50 μm	UV - VIS	0.22	Х
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-50- NA022	Step index	50 μm	VIS - NIR	0.22	Х
MMC-G-VIS/NIR-50- NA020	Graded index	50 μm	VIS - NIR	0.20	х
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-62.5- NA027	Graded index	62.5 μm	VIS - NIR	0.27	х
MMC-S-UV//VIS-105- NA022	Step index	105 μm	UV - VIS	0.22	х
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-105- NA022	Step index	105 μm	VIS - NIR	0.22	Х
MMC-S-UV//VIS-200- NA022	Step index	200 μm	UV - VIS	0.22	
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-200- NA022	Step index	200 μm	VIS - NIR	0.22	
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-300- NA022	Step index	300 μm	VIS - NIR	0.22	
MMC-S-UV/VIS-400- NA022	Step index	400 μm	UV - VIS	0.22	
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-400- NA022	Step index	400 μm	VIS - NIR	0.22	
MMC-S-UV/VIS-600- NA022	Step index	600 μm	UV - VIS	0.22	
MMC-S-VIS/NIR-600- NA022	Step index	600 μm	VIS - NIR	0.22	

For a complete Order Code additional information such as cable type, cable length, and connector type are necessary. Please contact us.

## **TECHNOTES**

- Special features of Multi-mode fibers
   Typical Spectra, graded vs step index, etc.
- Multimode fiber coupling Selection of focal length
- Collimating multimode fibers
   Collimated beam diameter and divergence
- Producing spots by refocussing multimode fiber collimators
   Calculation of spot diameter

Fiber Patch Cable Types

Details on the structure of 3 mm and 900 µm fiber cables.

Fiber Connector Options
 FC, AVIM and E2000

# **FAO**

# Connector Type FC PC and FC APC

#### How do I attach a fiber cable?

To prevent damage to the sensitive fiber end-face, always insert the fiber connector's ferrule at an angle, with the connector key properly aligned to the receptacle notch. When the ferrule tip is safely located in the inner cylinder of the receptacle, align the connector to the receptacle axis and carefully introduce the connector into the fiber coupler.

Then, orient the connector key in a way that it is pressed gently onto the right-hand side of the receptacle notch ("right-hand orientation rule").

Gently screw on the connector cap nut onto the receptacle until it is finger-tight. Gently tighten the fiber grub screw to reduce the free play of the ferrule in the receptacle.

## What is the "right-hand orientation rule"?

When the ferrule tip is safely located in the inner cylinder of the receptacle, align the connector to the receptacle axis and carefully introduce the connector into the fiber coupler.

Then, orient the connector key in a way that it is pressed gently onto the right-hand side of the receptacle notch.

The tightened grub screw and the "right-hand orientation rule" for the connector, ensure a high reproducibility in mode field position and angle, which is especially important for attaching and reattaching polarization-maintaining fibers reproducibly.

## Can I attach a narrow key fiber cable to a fiber coupler with a wide key receptacle?

Yes, you can- without any problem. Simply adhere to the "right-hand orientation rule".

Generally, with any FC PC or FC APC type connector there is a freeplay when inserting the fiber into the fiber coupler. The free play in between the connector ferrule and receptacle is only a few microns, but necessary for inserting the ferrule without force. There is a difference between the receptable and key width for wide key (2.14 mm) and narrow key (2.0 mm) fibers. If you follow the so-called "right-hand orientation rule" you can reproducibly attach and reattach even PM fibers with narrow key receptacle to fiber couplers with wide key receptacle without difficulty.

"Right-hand orientation rule":

When the ferrule tip is safely located in the inner cylinder of the receptacle, align the connector to the receptacle axis and carefully introduce the connector into the fiber coupler. Then, orient the connector key in a way that it is pressed gently onto the right-hand side of the receptacle notch. The tightened grub screw and the "right-hand orientation rule" for the connector, ensure a high reproducibility in mode field position and angle, which is especially important for attaching and reattaching polarizationmaintaining fibers reproducibly.

## Can I use an end cap fiber with a mating sleeve?

Since the radiation has already started to diverge within the end cap, a simple mating is no longer possible. Please use a fiber-to-fiber coupler in this case.

### What is the minimum bend radius for my fiber cable?

### Do you have a Ø 900 µm cable?

If yes, then the min. bend radius is 15 mm. More information can be found here.

#### Do you have a Ø 3 mm cable?

If yes, then the min. bend radius is 40 mm. More information can be found in the drawing here.

### RELATED PRODUCTS

**FIBER CABLES PMC** Polarization-maintaining fiber cables

**FIBER CABLES SMC** Single-mode fiber cables

FIBER COUPLER MULTI-Fiber Coupler for multi-mode fiber cables.

MODE

**FIBER COLLIMATORS** 

Fiber Collimators for collimating light exiting a multi-

**MULTI-MODE** mode fiber cable This is a printout of the page https://sukhamburg.com/products/fiberoptics/fibercable/mm.html from 4/25/2024

## **CONTACT**

For more information please contact: Schäfter + Kirchhoff GmbH Kieler Str. 212 22525 Hamburg Germany

Tel: +49 40 85 39 97-0 Fax: +49 40 85 39 97-79

info@sukhamburg.de www.sukhamburg.com

## **LEGAL NOTICE**

### Copyright 2020 Schäfter+Kirchhoff GmbH. All rights reserved.

Text, image, graphic, sound, video and animation files and their arrangement on Schäfter+Kirchhoff GmbH webpages are protected by copyright and other protective laws. The content may not be copied for commercial use or reproduced, modified or used on other websites. [more]